

C 1120 AD (12th cen) Peter Abelard 1079-1142

In an influential and controversial work called *Sic et non* (yes & no), Abelard analyzed 168 statements from the Bible and showed that there were inconsistencies in the accepted interpretation of each of them. The Church did not approve.

Abelard laid down 4 basic rules for argument and investigation

- 1) Use systematic doubt & question everything
- 2) Learn the difference between statements

- of national part & those mostly of
German
8) Be PRECISE in use of words, and object
precise grammar.
4) Watch grammar, even in the tiny
scraps.
Statements like those are extraordinary
in the 12th cen.

1120-28

() ESTA REGEM ANGLORUM

(Chronicle of the Kings of England)

Latin History written 1120-28

covering history of England between
449 and 1128 by British monk
and chronicler William of
Malmesbury (d. c. 1090 -
c. 1143)

First printed in 1526.

C1120

1912 Dates J-BK

1079-1142

ABELARD

or PETRUS ABELARDUS

Among earlier teachers

1120
CH00

Duncan:Gal

Englishman Robert of Chester visited Spain and translated al-KHWARIZMI'S little book into Latin. This and other translations of al-Khwarizmi inspired several Latin textbooks on the "new arithmetic" including descriptions of the decimal system and positional notation. Still, it took several more centuries before Europeans

entirely abandoned Roman numerals.

C1120

Duncan:Cal

1070-1136 Abraham bar Hiyya ha-Nasi
was a Jewish astronomer working
in the Islamic world.

He wrote in Barcelona, the first
Hebrew work devoted exclusively to
the study of the Calendar.

C 1120

C1079-1144 Peter Abelard

Son of a minor Breton lord and a proponent of the newfangled logic of Aristotle. He is sometimes credited with single-handedly attracting the original crowds of students that made possible the university in PARIS. Brilliant & restless in his scholarship, he represented a profound shift away from the cloistered approach

of learning and then a record for
the built in open discourse, and
through the completed power
of intellect.

C1120

1912 Dates J-BK

MATILDA was elected "LADY of
ENGLAND" by the clergy

War between Stephen
and Matilda

1120

(? - 1134) ALFONSO I

King of Navarre and Aragon.
married URRACA, daughter and successor
of Alfonso VI of Leon & Castile. Was
divorced from her. Took SARAGOSSA
after a four years' siege (1118)

Slain 20,000 Moors at DAROCA (1120)
Invaded Valencia (1123). Took Bordeaux
and Bayonne (1130). Was defeated by
ALMORAVIDS after a long struggle

Q1120

1912 Dates J-BK

CISTERCIANS in England

1120

1912 Dates' J-BK

England

Deaths of Henry's son, William
by sinking of the "White Ship."